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ALTERNATIVE FUELS SESSION SUPPLEMENT for INNOVATION WORKSHOP

Pat Muzzell, Alternative Fuels Team Leader June 19, 2009

maintaining the data needed, and including suggestions for reducin	completing and reviewing the collect g this burden, to Washington Headq ould be aware that notwithstanding	ction of information. Send commer uarters Services, Directorate for In	nts regarding this burden estimation Operations and Rep	ate or any other aspect ports, 1215 Jefferson Da	existing data sources, gathering and of this collection of information, avis Highway, Suite 1204, Arlington with a collection of information if it
1. REPORT DATE 19 JUN 2009		2. REPORT TYPE N/A		3. DATES COVERED	
4. TITLE AND SUBTITLE			5a. CONTRACT NUMBER		
Alternative Fuels	for Innovation Wo	orkshop	5b. GRANT NUMBER		
				5c. PROGRAM ELEMENT NUMBER	
6. AUTHOR(S) Pat Muzzell				5d. PROJECT NUMBER	
				5e. TASK NUMBER	
				5f. WORK UNIT NUMBER	
7. PERFORMING ORGANIZATION NAME(S) AND ADDRESS(ES) US Army RDECOM-TARDEC 6501 E 11 Mile Rd Warren, MI 48397-5000				8. PERFORMING ORGANIZATION REPORT NUMBER 19973	
9. SPONSORING/MONITO	AND ADDRESS(ES)	10. SPONSOR/MONITOR'S ACRONYM(S) TACOM/TARDEC			
				11. SPONSOR/MONITOR'S REPORT NUMBER(S) 19973	
12. DISTRIBUTION/AVAI Approved for pub	ILABILITY STATEMENT lic release, distribut	ion unlimited			
13. SUPPLEMENTARY NO The original documents	otes ment contains color	images.			
14. ABSTRACT					
15. SUBJECT TERMS					
16. SECURITY CLASSIFIC		17. LIMITATION	18. NUMBER	19a. NAME OF	
a. REPORT unclassified	b. ABSTRACT unclassified	c. THIS PAGE unclassified	OF ABSTRACT SAR	OF PAGES 7	RESPONSIBLE PERSON

Report Documentation Page

Form Approved OMB No. 0704-0188



Supplement



- Provided as a read-ahead for attendees in addition to other materials
- Provides draft set of assumptions
 - Assumptions helpful in establishing working level dialogue on the needs and the possible technology solutions to address them
 - Need critical review of assumptions by a diverse body of stakeholders/experts
 - > Use Alternative Fuels Session of Innovation Workshop, July 2009 as an initial forum to review and refine initial list of assumptions
 - > Expand review of these assumptions post-workshop and devise a plan for regular review and implement
- Provides proposed baseline metrics for fuels as an energy supply
- Provides two key approaches to identifying vehicle / fuel technologies that involve or impact fuels used in tactical vehicles in the near, mid, and far term (2014, 2024, 2030)

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Assumptions for Tactical Vehicles



A draft set of assumptions regarding the types of tactical vehicles (ground focus) and their power plants in the near, mid, and far term (2014, 2024, 2030) relative to vehicle-centric power needs.

- Compression Ignition (CI) engines remain dominant in propulsion systems of tactical vehicles at least through 2030
 - Significant portion of current DoD/Army equipment with CI engines will remain in-service at least through 2030
 - CI engines continue to prevail in propulsion systems of newly-fielded tactical/combat vehicles such as hybrid-electric vehicles, unmanned ground vehicles, etc., at least through 2030
- CI engine technologies will continue to evolve through 2030
 - Combustion regimes and controls, including emissions compliance hardware
 - Subsystem level fuel-wetted components (e.g., fuel injection systems, etc.)



Assumptions for Fuels (Slide 1 of 2)



A draft set of assumptions regarding fuels for use in tactical vehicles (ground focus) and their power plants in the near, mid, and far term (2014, 2024, 2030) relative to vehicle-centric power needs.

DoD/Army generally adheres to Single Battlefield Fuel (SBF) Policy*

- Majority of current tactical equipment is still capable of using SBF despite fact most engines therein were designed to operate with diesel fuel
- Army will modify commercial engines, as needed, to enable continued adherence to Single Battlefield Fuel Policy
- Diesel fuel is important as alternate fuel if jet fuel is not available

• SBF (JP-8 / JP-5 / Jet A-1) remains widely available

- Jet fuel continues to be produced in many regions worldwide to highly harmonized specs generally meeting requirements of SBF
- Displacement/replacement of some petroleum-derived jet fuel will occur with non-petroleum derived jet fuel entering fuels supply, typically as blends (with petroleum-derived jet fuel)

* SBF Policy states "Current tactical/combat equipment are required to operate with jet fuel (JP-8/JP-5/Jet A-1+additives) as directed by the Single Fuel in the Battlefield Policy." RIVEN. WARFIGHTER FOCUSED.

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Assumptions for Fuels (Continued – Slide 2 of 2)



A draft set of assumptions regarding fuels for use in tactical vehicles (ground focus) and their power plants in the near, mid, and far term (2014, 2024, 2030) relative to vehicle-centric power needs.

- Alternative fuels continue to emerge worldwide as production gradually increases through 2030 and beyond
 - Many (E85, B20, CNG, etc.) will not be suitable for use in tactical vehicles / fuel infrastructure
 - Quality may become more variable as locally-produced alternative fuels enter fuels supply
 - > Some properties not limited in specs (e.g., Cetane No. in MIL-DTL-83133)
- Alternative fuels are not approved for use in tactical equipment unless their quality is sufficient to ensure they are
 - Stable for use after indeterminate storage periods
 - Freely interchangeable with existing SBF
 - Compatible with equipment, incl. fuel storage, distribution, and handling
 - Use in engines results in acceptable level of power generation, performance and durability

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Baseline Metrics for Fuels as an Energy Supply



Proposed baseline metrics for the consideration of fuels as an energy supply for tactical vehicles (ground focus) and their power plants in the near, mid, and far term (2014, 2024, 2030) relative to vehicle-centric power needs.

- Applicable to petroleum and alternative fuels
- Availability
 - Is fuel widely available worldwide?
 - > Produced in numerous locations, distributed and available for purchase or offered in response to bid for supply contract
- Accessibility
 - Is fuel accessible to user at/near point of use when it is needed?
- Acceptability
 - Does fuel have sufficient level of quality to make it suitable for use in all intended equipment?
 - > When used in systems/components where it is stored, distributed, handled, or consumed, acceptable levels of performance and durability are maintained

Proposed
Baseline Metrics

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Identifying Vehicle / Fuel Technologies



Two key approaches to identifying vehicle / fuel technologies that involve or impact fuels used in tactical vehicles (ground focus) and their power plants in the near, mid, and far term (2014, 2024, 2030) relative to vehicle-centric power needs.

Vehicle Technologies



Fuel Technologies

Vehicle / power plant and fuel as a system provide needed power and energy.

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